Official Journal
of the European Union

EN
L series

2026/893

27.4.2026

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2026/893

of 24 April 2026

setting out annual limit values for net greenhouse gas removals of Member States for the period 2026-2029 pursuant to Article 4(5) Regulation (EU) 2018/841 of the European Parliament and of the Council

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2018/841 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2018 on the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions and removals from land use, land use change and forestry in the 2030 climate and energy framework, and amending Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 and Decision No 529/2013/EU ([1]), and in particular Article 4(5) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) In 2025, the Commission, assisted by the European Environment Agency, carried out a comprehensive review of the national greenhouse gas inventory data submitted by the Member States for the years 2016, 2017 and 2018, as well as 2021, 2022 and 2023, in accordance with Article 38(1a) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council ([2]). The reviewed inventory data are the basis for the calculation of Member States' linear trajectories with the annual limit values.

(2) The linear trajectory for each Member State is a straight line. Its starting value in the year 2022 equals to the average value of the reviewed annual inventory data for the years 2021, 2022 and 2023 as submitted in 2025. The ending value in the year 2030 equals to the value obtained by adding the value of the Member State's target from column C of Annex IIa to Regulation (EU) 2018/841 to the average value of the reviewed annual inventory data for the years 2016, 2017 and 2018 as submitted in 2025.

(3) The annual limit values for the years 2026, 2027, 2028 and 2029 for each Member State are the values that are located on the linear trajectory of that Member State for each of those years.

(4) With regard to the compliance check and after the comprehensive review of the national greenhouse gas inventory data to be carried out in 2032, it is appropriate to adjust the linear trajectory for Member States that changed the methodology for calculation of their national inventory data as set out in Article 14(1a) of Regulation (EU) 2018/841. For the Member States concerned, the starting value and the ending value of their linear trajectory are to be adjusted by the respective methodological adjustment established on the basis of the greenhouse gas inventory to be submitted in 2032.

(5) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Climate Change Committee,

([1]) OJ L 156, 19.6.2018, p.1, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2018/841/oj.

([2]) Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 December 2018 on the Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action, amending Regulations (EC) No 663/2009 and (EC) No 715/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Directives 94/22/EC, 98/70/EC, 2009/31/EC, 2009/73/EC, 2010/31/EU, 2012/27/EU and 2013/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, Council Directives 2009/119/EC and (EU) 2015/652 and repealing Regulation (EU) No 525/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 328, 21.12.2018, p. 1, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2018/1999/oj).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The annual limit values for the years 2026, 2027, 2028 and 2029 for each Member State pursuant to Article 4(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/841 shall apply as set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 April 2026.

For the Commission
The President
Ursula VON DER LEYEN

ANNEX

Annual limit values for each Member State pursuant to Article 4(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/841

(in tonnes of CO_2 equivalent)

	2026	2027	2028	2029
Belgium	- 695 624	- 773 458	- 851 292	- 929 125
Bulgaria	- 8 833 749	- 8 991 605	- 9 149 461	- 9 307 318
Czechia	- 2 272 311	- 3 103 862	- 3 935 414	- 4 766 965
Denmark	321 044	463 863	606 682	749 502
Germany	39 404 213	36 426 552	33 448 892	30 471 231
Estonia	1 144 322	1 224 362	1 304 402	1 384 442
Ireland	3 619 749	3 540 727	3 461 705	3 382 682
Greece	- 5 048 152	- 5 116 023	- 5 183 893	- 5 251 763
Spain	- 57 916 969	- 58 826 443	- 59 735 916	- 60 645 389
France	- 48 537 844	- 49 040 499	- 49 543 154	- 50 045 809
Croatia	- 5 707 271	- 5 778 524	- 5 849 777	- 5 921 030
Italy	- 48 182 282	- 48 164 246	- 48 146 210	- 48 128 173
Cyprus	- 162 470	- 169 008	- 175 545	- 182 082
Latvia	920 510	117 707	- 685 096	- 1 487 900
Lithuania	- 6 250 912	- 6 375 424	- 6 499 937	- 6 624 449
Luxembourg	- 596 858	- 569 072	- 541 287	- 513 501
Hungary	- 6 043 740	- 6 064 428	- 6 085 117	- 6 105 806
Malta	261	127	- 6	- 139
Netherlands	3 761 601	3 814 231	3 866 860	3 919 490
Austria	- 1 566 484	- 2 288 253	- 3 010 021	- 3 731 790
Poland	- 39 191 942	- 40 942 192	- 42 692 441	- 44 442 690
Portugal	1 217 974	1 778 947	2 339 920	2 900 893
Romania	- 44 867 519	- 44 832 438	- 44 797 358	- 44 762 278
Slovenia	- 1 865 230	- 1 243 913	- 622 597	- 1 280
Slovakia	- 4 709 883	- 4 468 794	- 4 227 705	- 3 986 617
Finland	4 165 705	2 222 902	280 100	- 1 662 702
Sweden	- 41 962 018	- 43 998 194	- 46 034 371	- 48 070 547